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mas. He will continue to force his insignificance upon the people until opportunity be offered to relegate him to private life. But sensible legislators will understand that the press of the country may be relied upon to reflect with unerring certainty the trend of public opinion. In observance of this principle the press will secure a guide which may be their salvation from the pitfalls dug for them by men who interest themselves in politics only for revenue purposes.

In this event also may be found justification of that faith in their institutions which has made Americans optimists as to the future, however pessimistic they

may have been as to existing conditions. It was a foul plot which had been hatched for their enslavement. A party without scruples, controlled by a cabal guiltless of patriotism, possessed the power to enact laws by which the people should be left apparently helpless. The ballot was to be left only as a means for recording the edicts of a corporate monopoly. Paid agents were to do their voting and counting in accordance with the commands of men fattened at the people's expense. Offers already well-aflured by taxes diverted from the public fund by means of private tax-gatherers were to be made over, and the Nation about located.

trained all power in his hands and hired assassins. But, because the people were stronger than their betrayer, the party discipline was sufficient to control the action of men who law was proposed.

Democrats in every State regard the present movement as the persistent opposition to all attempts at the establishment of monarchical systems in this country. Wherever legislators are to be found fighting the battle of free government against the influences potent in the present administration of National affairs they will see in the

downfall if the force bill an example of what may be accomplished by an honest minority to whom has been intrusted the duty of defeating pernicious legislation attempted by a repudiated majority. The faithful one hundred and one at Springfield will see in the victory of their brethren at Washington promise of what will surely come to them as the reward of their fidelity. Let the lines be held firm. The people are mighty and will prevail. The knell of Republican anarchy has sounded. Popular government has withstood another attack. Chicago Times.

The Fate of the Force Bill Decided by the November Election.

The madness of the Republicans in trying to force through Congress this measure which the people have rejected becomes more plain when one recalls the fact that everywhere during the campaign of last fall the Republicans confessed that the fate of the force bill depended upon the result of the election, and asked support of Republican candidates for Congress on the ground that the election of a Democratic House would be interpreted by the Republicans in the Senate as meaning that the country did not wish them to concur

with the session of the House. Thus the address sent out by the Republican State Committee of New York on the 20th of October said among other things:

The House of Representatives also met, prior to the Senate, a bill for securing a fair and equal election for Representatives in Congress throughout the Union. . . . Only one step more is required to set on firm ground the fair, free choice of Representatives in Congress in every State for Representatives in Congress. . . . The issue of the next House of Representatives to reorganize the election bill now pending in the Senate.

In other words, before election the Republicans said to the people: "Elect a Republican House and the President will accept the verdict as an instruction to accept the verdict as his administration."

—The passing of the force bill, if it becomes a law, will hurt the country more the less because it does not help the party responsible for it.—Detroit Free Press.

— "I wish I could have a second term," said the President. "I think I would disappoint few friends."

"Very likely," returned Lige. "In fact, it's certain. You have fewer to disappoint." —Puck.

— The Democrats of the Senate have out-generated the Republicans all through the present session, simply because the force-bill fanatics have put their party in a weak and discreditable

position—St. Louis Globe-Democrat, (Rep.)

—The attempt to compel the passage of the force bill by a continuous session has failed for the time. It is for the Democrats in the Senate to see to it that every such attempt shall fail in the same way. It is a time for unflinching courage and unfettered endurance and for every man to do his duty.—N. Y. World.

—Of course there never was any ground for hoping that Vice-President Morton would prove himself a patriot and a partisan, but his rulings have settled the question. If any one entertained such a doubt, it is now

The Republicans would change the old maxim and make it read: "It's a poor rule that works both ways." When Mr. Morgan asked Mr. Evans if the Republican party had not attolished suffrage, both of blacks and whites, in the District of Columbia, in order to prevent the destruction of property interests there, the New York Senator declined to discuss the subject. He would talk about the ballot in the Southern

Stakes were not elsewhere. Some time ago when senator Dolph, like Senator Everts, was advocating the force bill and denouncing the south, he was reminded that the constitution of Oregon forbade a colored man to hold office in that State. He, too, refused to consider that phase of the subject. First, he plunk the note out of thine ova eye, according to the standards of the Republican party, a lost doctrine. It believes that there should be one set of laws for the South and another for the North—Louisville Courier-Journal.

THE HICKMAN COURIER.

HICKMAN, KY.

FRIDAY, FEB. 6, 1891.

Mr. S. B. Ewing, President of the Kentucky Farmers and Laborers' Union, has been deposed by the Executive Committee of the order, and Hon. T. T. Gardner, of Carlisle county, appointed to succeed him. The trouble grew out of the fight Mr. Ewing inaugurated against the Governor's Warehouse at Louisville.

The Executive Committee of the World's Fair recommends that nothing less than \$10,000,000 will meet the requirements of the position and most of it must be available before any gate money can be received. It is also suggested that the gate receipts be bonded for \$5,000,000 to make up the deficiency. Another suggestion is to increase the stock of the Exposition Company to \$10,000,000, and this is probably what will be done.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, who was the favorite candidate of the magazine for the Presidency, has been talking with a correspondent about the election bill. He said that the opposition to the bill could be easily closed under the provisions of the bill. He said that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges, and that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges, and that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges.

SENATOR CARLISLE has been contributing to the Forum, and the following interesting article from his pen is published in a recent issue of the magazine. He says that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges, and that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges, and that the bill would give the President the right to appoint and remove judges.

SENATORS HARRIS and late late Monday joined in a telegram to the Governor of Tennessee asking him to sign the bill. The bill was sent to the Alabama and Texas legislatures, and the Senators from those states, and the Democrats in Congress are not all united on the bill. The bill is still in the hands of the Senate, and the bill is still in the hands of the Senate.

WHEN WILL HICKMAN GO? The defeat of Senator Ingalls according to the politicians means that the distinguished citizen of Kansas will appear in the field of work in a very short time. It is not believed that the plan which the Senator has laid out will be carried through. It is doubtless he expects to go to Kansas, but an existence such as he pictures in his hour of defeat is impossible to a man of his intense mental and physical activity. The correspondents in Washington have often asserted that Ingalls seldom slept more than four hours out of the 24. The rest of the time was put in a thousand different ways, but the Senator was always actively engaged. Interest seems to be centered in trying to decide which way he will move when he starts in his new career.

THE CENSUS BUREAU has given out the population of Alabama by race, and the figures are interesting. It is estimated that the negroes were multiplying at the rate of one per cent a year, and that there would soon be no room for white folks south of Mexico and Dixon's line. The population of Alabama, exclusive of new Indians and Chinese, was 1,282,500 in 1880. The negroes were 400,108; white majority, 882,392. In 1880 the figures were: White, 882,392; negro, 400,108. The negro population increased 25.3 per cent, while the colored population increased only 13.3 per cent. These figures show that even the most perturbed spirits that have been wondering what would become of the Southern whites.

THE NEXT ISSUE.

The Courier will publish the following items.

THE NEW YORK WORLD of the 1st inst. publishes two letters which cannot fail to interest Democrats throughout the country. One is from Roger Q. Mills, the other from Wm. D. Byrum, and both are in reply to the editorial in the Democratic party in the next House of Representatives.

THE two candidates for the speakership of the Fifty-second Congress set forth their views at considerable length. Mr. Mills, whose views, like those of the great party in the ranks of which he is an honored worker, does not often change, in his reply to the editor's query is characteristic and to the point. He says: "I am a Republican, and I am a Republican."

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BLACK AND YELLOW ARE DISPERSED.

From the National Standard.

From a dispatch in the N. Y. Tribune we learn that there has been another race riot in the city of St. Louis. It is aggravated by an attempt to silence newspaper criticism. Some men, who belong to the race, were dragged out of their homes and thrown around their necks by a white mob. A newspaper in a neighboring town had the temerity to say in condemnation of the riot that the victims of it were better men than the ruffians who sold the ropes. The editor who dared to do this received the following notice:

These few sentences in your issue have caused the proceedings of a committee on Wednesday evening, by no means very small. FIFTY CITIZENS.

Will the Tribune publish a harrowing editorial about the double crime reported in its own news column? No, indeed. Will Senator Hoar and Senator Spooner publish this in their newspapers? No, indeed. Will the Tribune publish a harrowing editorial about the double crime reported in its own news column? No, indeed.

It is black and not yellow that the Republican is despised, and it is not because the negroes have not. It is only Southern whites who are despised. It is only Southern whites who are despised. It is only Southern whites who are despised.

Occasionally one in a Republican newspaper the statement that some protected industry or other is enlarging its shop or putting in new machinery. As soon as the salary grabber has been paid, the Republican has been paid, the Republican has been paid, the Republican has been paid.

At Wichita, Kan., I had to occupy a room at the hotel with a fifty-cent room. The Republican has been paid, the Republican has been paid, the Republican has been paid, the Republican has been paid.

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A WIFTY ANSWER BROUGHT BACK.

From the National Standard.

A young newspaper man who last spring found himself in White County, Washington, 500 miles from his home of St. Louis, was asked to write a "broke" article on a farmer. He was set to ploughing with a pair of horses, but both were dead, and he was left to plough with a team of oxen. He was asked to write a "broke" article on a farmer.

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HE LEFT A WIDOW.

From the National Standard.

Somehow Miss Brewster by the death of her husband, a wealthy banker, was left a widow.

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What to Buy?

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Mrs. Addie Jones

Has now on display an unsurpassed line of

Fall and Winter Millinery, INCLUDING ALL THE LATEST AND MOST Fashionable Novelties!

WOULD BE GLAD TO SHOW SAME TO ALL WHO MAY FAVOR HER WITH A CALL.

T. T. SWAYNE, DRUGGIST, And Dealer in—

DRUGS, MEDICINES, STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS, SUNDRIES, PAINTS, OILS, PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

R. B. BREVARD, "OLD RELIABLE" Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, &c., which are offered at ONE PRICE, and the very lowest the market justifies.

Roofing a Specialty! HERTWECK, BALTZER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

HICKMAN WAGON, HICKMAN, KENTUCKY. FURNITURE, STEPHENS & TYLER, DEALERS IN

Furniture and Undertaker's Goods, HICKMAN, KY.

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Is thoroughly equipped, and prepared to

execute Job Work with neatness and despatch.

Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Ball Tickets, Business Cards.

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